INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited** ("the company") which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act' 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flow of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; judgments and estimate that are reasonable and prudent and design implementation of adequate financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statement give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as March 31, 2018, and its profits and its cash flow for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "**Annexure A**" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable

Further to our comments in the aforesaid annexure, as required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- 1. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- 2. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- 3. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- 4. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- 5. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors none of the director is disqualified as on March 31, 2018 from being appointed as directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to over separate report in "Annexure-B".
- 7. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 15 to the financial statements.

- b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Sumit Mohit & Company Chartered Accountants FRN: 021502N

Sd/-Sumit Garg (Partner) M. No.: 506945

Place: New Delhi Date: April 16, 2018

ANNEXURE A TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under heading of "Report on other Legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

- (i) The Company does not have any fixed assets; accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(i) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventories; accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) As informed, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Consequently the provisions of clause (iii)(a), (iii)(b) and (iii)(c) of the other are not applicable to the company.
- (iv) The Company has been complied all the provisions of Section 185 and 186 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of directives issues by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under. No order has been passed by the Company Law Board of National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the products of the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted / accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Service tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, value added tax and cess and any other statutory dues to appropriate authority have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employee's State Insurance, Income-tax, Salestax, Service tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax and Cess and other statutory dues were in arrears, as at March 31, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, as at March 31, 2018, there are no dues of sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

Details of dues of Income Tax which has not been deposited as on March 31, 2018 on accounts of disputes are given below:

accor	accounts of disputes are given below.									
Name	e of	Nature	of	From	where	dispute	is	Period	is to	Amount
Statut	te	Dues		pendin	ig remai	in		which	the	involve
					_			amount		(Rs)
The	Income	Income 7	Гах	Income	e Tax	Appella	ate	Year	Ended	81,80,228/-
Tax	Act'			Tribun	al			March 31	, 2008	
1961										

- (viii) The Company has no dues in respect of a financial institution, bank, Government or debenture holders.
- (ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of Initial Public Offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans.
- (x) Based on the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year nor have we been informed of such case by the management.
- (xi) The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration therefore the provision of Section 197 of Companies Act 2013 has not been applicable.
- (xii) The company is not a Nidhi company, therefore the provisions of paragraph 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of books of accounts, the company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured, to companies, firms and other parties listed in the register maintained section 177 and 188 of companies Act 2013. Consequently the provisions of the order are not applicable to the company.
- (xiv) Company has not made any preferential allotment / private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review, therefore the requirement of Section 42 of Companies Act' 2013 need not be complied with.
- (xv) Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with directors or person connected with him and therefore the provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act' 2013 has been complied with.
- (xvi) Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For Sumit Mohit & Company Chartered Accountants FRN: 021502N

Sd/-Sumit Garg (Partner) M. No.: 506945

Place: New Delhi Date: April 16, 2018

ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited**, ("the Company") as on 31 March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally

accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Sumit Mohit & Company Chartered Accountants FRN: 021502N

Sd/-Sumit Garg (Partner) M. No.: 506945

Place: New Delhi Date: April 16, 2018

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
I. Equity and Liabilities			
(1) Shareholder's Funds(a) Share Capital(b) Reserves and Surplus	3 4	25,500,000 41,206,598	25,500,000 39,339,906
(2) Current Liabilities (a) Other current liabilities (b) Short-term provisions	5 6	23,960 810,827	20,250 2,639,427
II. Assets	Total =	67,541,385	67,499,583
(1) Non-current assets (a) Long term loans and advances	7	3,943,790	3,989,835
(2) Current assets(a) Cash and cash equivalents(b) Other current assets	8 9	63,112,398 485,197	63,050,664 459,084
	Total =	67,541,385	67,499,583

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Sumit Mohit & Company Chartered Accountants FRN 021502N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited

Sd/-Sumit Garg Partner M. No. 506945 Sd/-Saurabh Garg Director DIN: 03444152 Sd/-Lakshmipathi Achar

Director

DIN: 00349586

New Delhi, April 16, 2018 New Delhi, April 16, 2018

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2018

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
I. Revenue			
Other Income	10	4,160,361	32,644,695
I. Total Revenue	_	4,160,361	32,644,695
II. Expenses:	_		
Employee benefit expense	11	1,138,729	507,435
Financial costs	12	282,694	27,755
Other expenses	13	83,828	19,727
II. Total Expenses	_ _	1,505,251	554,917
III. Profit before tax	(I - II) _	2,655,110	32,089,778
IV. Tax expense:			
Current tax		756,461	2,771,375
Less: Mat Credit Entitlement		-	72,176
Net Current Tax expense	_	756,461	2,699,199
Tax Expenses for Earlier years		31,957	, , , <u>-</u>
Total Tax Expenses	_	788,418	2,699,199
V. Profit after tax	(III-IV) _	1,866,692	29,390,579
VI. Earnings per equity share:	16		
Basic	10	0.73	11.53
Diluted		0.73	11.53
Nominal value per equity share		10.00	10.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Sumit Mohit & Company Chartered Accountants

FRN 021502N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Sumit Garg Saurabh Garg Lakshmipathi Achar

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 M. No. 506945
 DIN: 03444152
 DIN: 00349586

New Delhi, April 16, 2018 New Delhi, April 16, 2018

Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2018

		For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
Α	Cash flow from operating activities :		
	Net Profit before tax	2,655,110	32,089,778
	Adjustment for:		
	Profit on sale of investments	(4,064,576)	(9,503,591)
	Interest on Taxes	282,694	27,755
	Dividend received from Subsidiary Company		(23,095,000)
	Operating Profit/(Loss) before working capital changes	(1,126,772)	(481,058)
	Adjustments for:		
	Trade and other receivables	(26,113)	67,335
	Trade Payables and other liabilities	3,710	(14,575)
		(22,403)	52,760
	Cash used in operations	(1,149,175)	(428,298)
	Direct taxes paid	(2,853,667)	(395,207)
	Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	(4,002,842)	(823,505)
В	Cash Flow from Investing Activities Dividend received from Subsidiary Company Proceeds from redemption/investment of units of mutual funds (net) Proceeds from sale of Investment in Indiabulls Assets Reconstruction Company Limited Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	- 4,064,576 - 4,064,576	23,095,000 3,128,591 38,750,000 64,973,591
С	Cash flow from financing Activities		
	Distribution of Equity Dividends (including Corporate		
	Dividend Tax thereon)		(23,104,629)
	Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		(23,104,629)
D	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	61,734	41,045,457
E	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	63,050,664	22,005,207
F	Cash and cash equivalents at the close of the year (D + E)	63,112,398	63,050,664
No	te:		
1. 2. Flo 20	Figures for the previous year have been regrouped wherever considered not the above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Mow Statements' as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 20114, as amended. Cash and cash equivalents as at the close of the year include [Refer Note:8]	lethod " as set out in Accounti 3, read with Rule 7 of the Cor	• ,
٥.	Cash and Cash equivalents as at the close of the year include [Refer Note.of	oj. 4,944	5,271
	Balances with banks	+ , 2+4	5,271
	In Current Accounts	57,454	1,045,393
	In Deposit Accounts	63,050,000	62,000,000
	= -p	03,030,000	02,000,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

- less than three months maturity

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

For Sumit Mohit & Company Chartered Accountants FRN 021502N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited

DIN: 00349586

63,112,398

63,050,664

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Sumit GargSaurabh GargLakshmipathi AcharPartnerDirectorDirector

M. No. 506945 DIN: 03444152

New Delhi, April 16, 2018 New Delhi, April 16, 2018

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

1 Significant Accounting Policies

i) Basis of Accounting:

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) and Accounting Standards (AS) under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended.. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year.

ii) Use of Estimates:

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Differences between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known / materialised.

iii) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

iv) Cash flow statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

v) Revenue Recognition:

- Income from fee based advisory services is recognised on accrual basis.
- Transactions in respect of Investment/dealing in securities are recognised on trade dates.
- Dividend Income is recognised when the right to receive dividend is unconditionally established and profit/(loss) on redemption of Mutual Fund is recognized on actual basis.

vi) Investments:

Investments are classified as non-current and current investments. Non-current investments are carried at cost less provision, if any, for any diminution other than temporary in their value .Current investments are valued at lower of cost and fair value.

vii) Stock of Securities:

Stock of securities is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

viii) Borrowing cost:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

ix) Fixed assets:

(a) Tangible assets:

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation / impairment losses, if any. Cost includes original cost of acquisition, including incidental expenses related to such acquisition and installation.

(b) Intangible assets:

Intangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated amortisation / impairment losses, if any. Cost includes original cost of acquisition, including incidental expenses related to such acquisition.

x) Depreciation / Amortisation:

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided on straight-line method at the rates specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on additions to fixed assets is provided on a pro-rata basis from the date the asset is put to use. Depreciation on sale / deduction from fixed assets is provided for up to the date of sale / deduction, as the case may be. Assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 each are fully depreciated in the year of capitalisation.

Intangible assets consisting of Software are amortised on a straight line basis over a period of four years from the date when the assets are available for use.

xi) Impairment of assets:

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If at the Balance Sheet date there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount.

xii) Employee Benefits:

As permitted under Accounting Standard 15 (Revised 2005) - Employee Benefits, as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended, in respect of companies with few employees, retirement benefits in the form of Gratuity and Compensated Absences payable to employees is provided for on the accrual basis under the assumption that such benefits are payable at year end.

xiii) Deferred employee stock compensation cost:

The Company follows intrinsic value method as per Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India for accounting Employee Stock Options granted. Deferred employee stock compensation cost for stock options are recognized and measured by the difference between the estimated value of the Company's shares at the stock options grant date and the exercise price to be paid by the option holders. The compensation expense is amortized over the vesting period of the options. The fair value of options for disclosure purpose is measured on the basis of a valuation performed in respect of stock options granted.

xiv) Taxes on Income:

Current tax is determined as the tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year and is computed in accordance with the relevant tax regulations.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax resulting from timing differences between book and tax profits is accounted for at the current rate of tax / substantively enacted tax rates as on the Balance Sheet date, to the extent that the timing differences are expected to crystalise.

Deferred Tax Assets are recognised where realisation is reasonably certain whereas in case of carried forward losses or unabsorbed depreciation, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation backed by convincing evidence. Deferred Tax Assets are reviewed for the appropriateness of their respective carrying values at each Balance Sheet date.

xv) Leases:

In case of assets taken on operating lease, the lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS) 19 – Leases as notified by the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

xvi) Preliminary expenses:

Preliminary expenses are adjusted against securities premium account (net of tax) to the extent of balance available and thereafter the balance portion is charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

xvii) Provisions, Contingent Liability and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- (1) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- (2) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can not be made.

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised.

xviii) Share issue expenses:

Share issue expenses are adjusted against securities premium account to the extent of balance available and thereafter, the balance portion is charged off to the Statement of Profit and Loss, as incurred.

xix) Segment reporting:

The Company identifies primary segments based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns and the internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the executive management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

xx) Earnings Per Share:

Basic earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year.

xxi) Equity Index / Stock Futures:

- a. Initial Margin Equity Index/ Stock Futures, representing the initial margin paid, and Margin Deposits representing additional margin paid over and above the initial margin, for entering into a contract for equity index/ stock futures which are released on final settlement/squaring-up of the underlying contract, are disclosed under Loans and Advances.
- b. Equity index/ stock futures are marked-to-market on a daily basis. Debit or credit balance disclosed under Loans and Advances or Current Liabilities, respectively, in the Mark-to-Market Margin Equity Index/ Stock Futures Account, represents the net amount paid or received on the basis of movement in the prices of index/ stock futures till the balance sheet date.
- c. As on the balance sheet date, profit/loss on open positions in equity index/ stock futures is accounted for as follows:
- Credit balance in the Mark-to-Market Margin Equity Index/Stock Futures Account, being the anticipated profit, is ignored and no credit for the same is taken in the profit and loss account.
- Debit balance in the Mark-to-Market Margin Equity Index/Stock Futures Account, being the anticipated loss, is adjusted in the profit and loss account.
- d. On final settlement or squaring-up of contracts for equity index/stock futures, the profit or loss is calculated as the difference between the settlement/squaring-up price and the contract price. Accordingly, debit or credit balance pertaining to the settled/squared-up contract in Mark-to-Market Margin Equity Index/Stock Futures Account after adjustment of the provision for anticipated losses is recognised in the profit and loss account. When more than one contract in respect of the relevant series of equity index/stock futures contract to which the squared-up contract pertains is outstanding at the time of the squaring-up of the contract, the contract price of the contract so squared-up is determined using the weighted average cost method for calculating the profit/loss on squaring-up.

2 Corporate Information

Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on November 02, 2006. The Company is in the business of providing financial consultancy and all allied and auxiliary services.

		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)		As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
Share Capital Authorised:				
2,550,000 (Previous Year 2,550,000) Rs.10 each 2,500,000 ((Previous Year 2,500,		25,500,000		25,500,000
cumulative Redeemable Preference each	Share of Rs.10	25,000,000	_	25,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up:				
2,550,000 (Previous Year 2,550,000) Rs. 10 each fully paid up	Equity Shares of	25,500,000		25,500,000
As per Balance Sheet	_	25,500,000	_	25,500,000
i) Equity Shares				
a) Share Capital Reconciliation	As at Ma	rch 31, 2018	As at Mar	rch 31, 2017
Particulars	No. of shares	(Amount in Rs.)	No. of shares	(Amount in Rs.)
Opening No. of shares Outstanding	2,550,000	25,500,000	2,550,000	25,500,000
Shares Issued during the Year	-	-	-	=
Shares Brought back during the Year		-	-	-
Closing No. of shares Outstanding	2,550,000	25,500,000	2,550,000	25,500,000

b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares:

The company has only one class of equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the

c) Shares held by Shareholders holdi		rch 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	
No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	% of Holding	No. of Shares held	% of Holding
Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 each fully paid up				
The entire share capital is held by Indiabulls Housing Finance Limited ("the holding Company") and its nominees		100%	2,550,000	100%

As per records of the Company, including its register of members/shareholders, and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

ii) Employee stock option plans: [Refer Note: 26]

		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
4	Reserves & Surplus		
	Capital Redemption Reserve Balance as per last balance sheet	20,000,000	20,000,000
	_	20,000,000	
	Surplus / (deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss Balance of Profit brought forward	19,339,906	13,053,956
	Profit for the Year	1,866,692	29,390,579
	Balance of Profit Carried forward (A) Appropriation:	21,206,598	42,444,535
	Interim Dividend on Equity Shares (Rs.9.06 Per Equity Share)		22 102 000
	Corporate Dividend Tax on Interim Dividend paid on	- -	23,103,000
	Equity Shares _	-	1,629_
	Total Appropriations (B)	-	23,104,629
	(A)-(B)	21,206,598	19,339,906
	As per Balance Sheet	41,206,598	39,339,906
		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
5	Other Current Liabilities		
	Expenses Payables	23,960	20,250
	As per Balance Sheet	23,960	20,250
	_	As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
6	Short-term provisions Provision for Taxation [Net of Advance Tax/Self Assessment Tax/Tax deducted at source Rs. 2,572,657 (Previous Year Rs. 1,294,154)]	810,827	2,639,427
	As per Balance Sheet	810,827	2,639,427
	_	As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
7	Long term loans and advances Advance Tax /Tax deducted at source (Net of Provision	0.040.700	0.000.005
	for Tax Rs.52,030,496 (Previous Year Rs. 52,645,217))	3,943,790	3,989,835
	As per Balance Sheet	3,943,790	3,989,835
		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
8	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on Hand	4,944	5,271
	Balances with scheduled banks -in current accounts	57,454	1,045,393
	-in deposit accounts - less than three months maturity	63,050,000	62,000,000
	As per Balance Sheet	63,112,398	63,050,664
	=		

		As at March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	As at March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
9	Other Current Assets Interest Accrued on deposit accounts	35,757	8,408
	Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to	449,440	450,676
	be received	485,197	459,084
		For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
10	Other Income		00 005 000
	Dividend received from subsidiary company Interest on deposit accounts	- 95,785	23,095,000 28,604
	Profit on sale of Investments	4,064,576	9,503,591
	Balance written back	4,004,570	17,500
	As per Statement of Profit and Loss	4,160,361	32,644,695
		For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
11	Employee benefit expense		
	Salaries Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	1,138,489 240	507,195 240
	As per Statement of Profit and Loss	1,138,729	507,435
		For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
12	Financial costs	200 20 4	07.755
	Interest on Taxes	282,694	27,755
	As per Statement of Profit and Loss	282,694	27,755
		For the year ended March 31, 2018 Amount (Rs.)	For the year ended March 31, 2017 Amount (Rs.)
13	Other Expenses	440	0.40
	Stamp Paper Expenses	110	340
	Rates and Taxes Professional charges	3,235 51,750	1,900
	Communication Expenses	82	-
	Auditor's Remuneration -as statutory auditor	20,000	17,250
	Miscellaneous Expenses	8,651	237
	As per Statement of Profit and Loss	83,828	19,727

14 Explanatory Statements

Disclosures in respect of AS - 18 'Related Party Disclosures' as specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended:

Nature of relationship Related party

(a) Related parties where control exists:

Holding Company Indiabulls Housing Finance Limited

Subsidiary Company Limited (up to October 2,2016)

(b) Other related parties

Fellow subsidiaries companies: Indiabulls Insurance Advisors Limited (including step-down subsidiaries) Indiabulls Capital Services Limited

Indiabulls Commercial Credit Limited

(formerly known as Indiabulls Infrastructure Credit Limited)
Indiabulls Asset Management Mauritius (w.e.f. July 18,2016)

(Subsidiary of Indiabulls Commercial Credit Limited)

Indiabulls Collection Agency Limited

Ibulls Sales Limited

Nilgiri Financial Consultants Limited

(Subsidiary of Indiabulls Insurance Advisors Limited)

Indiabulls Life Insurance Company Limited (up to December 8,2017)

Indiabulls Asset Holding Company Limited Indiabulls Asset Management Company Limited

Indiabulls Trustee Company Limited

Indiabulls Holdings Limited

Indiabulls Venture Capital Management Company Limited

(Subsidiary of Indiabulls Holdings Limited)

Indiabulls Venture Capital Trustee Company Limited

(Subsidiary of Indiabulls Holdings Limited)

Associate of Holding Company: Oaknorth Holdings Ltd. (w.e.f. November 13, 2015)

(c) Key Management Personnel Mr. Lakshmipathi Achar – Director

Mr. Saurabh Garg – Director Mr. Praveen Kumar Rana– Director

(d) Significant Transactions with Related Parties during the year: Amount (Rs.)

(a) digitificant transactions with related tarties during the year.				
Nature of Transaction	Holding Company	Subsidiary Company	Total	
Income				
Dividend Income	-	-	-	
Dividend income	-	23,095,000	23,095,000	
Others				
Dividend paid	-	-	-	
Dividend paid	23,103,000	-	23,103,000	

Figures in respect of previous years are stated in italics

(e) Statement of Material Transactions:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017
	Amount (Rs)	Amount (Rs)
Dividend Income		
-Indiabulls Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	23,095,000
Dividend paid		
-Indiabulls Housing Finance Limited	-	23,103,000

(f) Outstanding balances as at March 31, 2018:

Rs. Nil (Previous year Rs. Nil)

In accordance with AS 18, disclosures in respect of transactions with identified related parties are given only for such period during which such relationships existed. Related Party relationships are given above are as identified by the Company and relied upon by the Auditors.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

15 Contingent liability not provided for in respect of:

For Rs.8,180,228/- with respect to FY 2007-08 (Previous Year Rs.8,180,228/-) against disallowance U/s 14A of the Income Tax Act,1961 and treating capital gain as business income, against which appeal is pending before ITAT.

16 Earnings per Share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year. Diluted earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued on the conversion of all dilative potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable, had the shares been actually issued at fair value.

Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the year, unless they have been issued at a later date. The number of equity shares and potential diluted equity shares are adjusted for stock split and bonus shares as appropriate.

	For the year ended March 31, 2018	For the year ended March 31, 2017
Particulars	Amount (Rs)	Amount (Rs)
Profit/available for equity shareholders (Rs.)	1,866,692	29,390,579
Weighted average number of Shares used in computing Basic earning per share	2,550,000	2,550,000
Weighted average number of Shares used in computing Diluted earning per share	2,550,000	2,550,000
Nominal Value of equity Shares - (Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Basic Earnings Per Share - (Rs.)	0.73	11.53
Diluted earnings Per Share - (Rs.)	0.73	11.53

- 17 Considering the nature of Company's business and operations and based on the information available with the management, there are no reportable segments (business and/or geographical) in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standard (AS) 17 on Segment Reporting as notified under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Hence, no further disclosures are required in respect of reportable segments, under AS 17, other than those already provided in the financial statements.
- 18 As per the best estimate of the management, no provision is required to be made as per Accounting Standard 29 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets' as notified by the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in respect of any present obligation as a result of a past event that could lead to a probable outflow of resources, which would be required to settle the obligation.
- 19 The provisions of the Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, are not applicable to the Company as at March 31, 2018 and accordingly there are no dues payable in respect of the said statutes as at the year-end.
- 20 In respect of amounts as mentioned under Section 205C of the Companies Act, 1956, there were no dues required to be credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as on March 31, 2018.
- 21 Disclosures under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006:
 - (a) An amount of Rs. Nil and Rs. Nil was due and outstanding to suppliers as at the end of the accounting year on account of Principal and Interest respectively.
 - (b) No interest was paid during the year in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and no amount was paid to the supplier beyond the appointed day.
 - (c) No interest is payable at the end of the year other than interest under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act,
 - (d) No amount of interest was accrued and unpaid at the end of the accounting year.
 - The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.
- 22 There are no borrowing costs to be capitalised as at March 31, 2018 (Previous year Rs. Nil).
- 23 The Company has not entered into any derivative instruments during the year. The Company does not have any foreign currency exposures as at March 31, 2018 (Previous year Rs. Nil).
- 24 In the opinion of the Board of Directors, all current assets, loans and advances appearing in the balance sheet as at March 31, 2018 have a value on realization in the ordinary course of the Company's business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet and no provision is required to be made against the recoverability of these balances.
- 25 There are no capital and other commitments to be reported as at March 31, 2018 (Previous year Rs. Nil).

26 Employees Stock Options Plans of Indiabulls Housing Finance Limited ("the Holding Company" "IHFL"):

(a) Stock option plans of Indiabulls Financial Services Limited ("IBFSL") ("the erstwhile Holding Company") including plans in lieu of stock options plans of its erstwhile subsidiary Indiabulls Credit Services Limited transferred under the Court approved Plan of Arrangement:

S. No.	Erstwhile Plans	New Plans*
1	IBFSL – ICSL Employees Stock Option Plan 2006	IHFL- IBFSL Employees Stock Option Plan 2006
2	IBFSL - ICSL Employees Stock Option Plan II – 2006	IHFL - IBFSL Employees Stock Option Plan II – 2006
3	Employees Stock Option 2008	IHFL - IBFSL Employees Stock Option -2008

^{*}The name of the plans has been revised by the approval of the Shareholders of the Holding Company in the 8th Annual General Meeting held on July 1, 2013.

(b) IHFL ESOS - 2013

The members of IHFL at their Meeting dated March 6, 2013 approved the IHFL ESOS - 2013 plan consisting of 39,000,000 stock options representing 39,000,000 fully paid up Equity Shares of Rs. 2 each of IHFL to be issued in one or more tranches to its eligible employees or to eligible employees of its subsidiaries / step down subsidiaries . The Compensation Committee constituted by the Board of Directors of IHFL has, at its meeting held on October 11, 2014, granted, 10,500,000 Stock Options representing an equal number of equity shares of face value of Rs. 2 each at an exercise price of Rs. 394.75, being the then latest available closing market price on the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. as on October 10, 2014 following the intrinsic method of accounting as is prescribed in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on Accounting for Employees Share Based Payments ("the Guidelines"). As the options have been granted at intrinsic value, there is no employee stock compensation expense on account of the same. These options vest with effect from the first vesting date i.e. October 11, 2015, whereby the options vest on each vesting date as per the vesting schedule provided in the Plan.

During the current financial year the Compensation Committee constituted by the Board of Directors of IHFL has, at its meeting held on August 10, 2017, granted, 10,500,000 Stock Options representing an equal number of equity shares of face value of Rs. 2 each at an exercise price of Rs. 1,156.50, being the then latest available closing market price on the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. as on August 10, 2017 following the intrinsic method of accounting as is prescribed in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on Accounting for Employees Share Based Payments ("the Guidelines"). As the options have been granted at intrinsic value, there is no employee stock compensation expense on account of the same. These options vest with effect from the first vesting date i.e. August 12, 2018, whereby the options vest on each vesting date as per the vesting schedule provided in the Scheme

During the current financial year the Compensation Committee constituted by the Board of Directors of IHFL has, at its meeting held on March 24, 2018, granted, 100,000 Stock Options representing an equal number of equity shares of face value of Rs. 2 each at an exercise price of Rs. 1,200.40, being the then latest available closing market price on the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. as on March 23, 2018 following the intrinsic method of accounting as is prescribed in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on Accounting for Employees Share Based Payments ("the Guidelines"). As the options have been granted at intrinsic value, there is no employee stock compensation expense on account of the same. These options vest with effect from the first vesting date i.e. March 25, 2019, whereby the options vest on each vesting date as per the vesting schedule provided in the Scheme

(c) The other disclosures in respect of the ESOS/ESOP Plans are as under:

Particulars	IHFL-IBFSL Employees Stock Option Plan II – 2006	IHFL-IBFSL Employees Stock Option – 2008	IHFL ESOS - 2013	IHFL ESOS - 2013	IHFL ESOS - 2013	IHFL-IBFSL Employees Stock Option – 2008 -Regrant	IHFL-IBFSL Employees Stock Option – 2008-Regrant	IHFL-IBFSL Employees Stock Option Plan – 2006 - Regrant	IHFL-IBFSL Employees Stock Option – 2008 -Regrant	IHFL-IBFSL Employees Stock Option Plan II – 2006 - Regrant
Total Options under the Plan	720,000	7,500,000	39,000,000	39,000,000	39,000,000	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Options issued	720,000	7,500,000	21,100,000	21,100,000	21,100,000	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Vesting Period and Percentage	Four years,25% each year	Ten years,15% First year, 10% for next eight years and 5% in last year	Five years, 20% each year	Five years, 20% each year	Five years, 20% each year	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Vesting Date	1st November	8th December	12th October	12th August	25th March	31st December	16th July	27th August	11th January	27th August
Revised Vesting Period & Percentage	Nine years,11% each year for 8 years and 12% during the 9th year	N.A.	N.A.	NA	NA	Ten years, 10% for every year	Ten years, 10% for every year	Ten years, 10% for every year	Ten years, 10% for every year	Ten years, 10% for every year
Exercise Price (Rs.)	100.00	95.95	394.75	1,156.50	1,200.40	125.90	158.50	95.95	153.65	100.00
	5 years from each vesting	5 years from each vesting	5 years from each	5 years from each	5 years from each vesting	5 years from each	5 years from each vesting	each vesting	5 years from each vesting	5 years from each vesting
Exercisable Period	date	date	vesting date	vesting date	date	vesting date	date	date	date	date
Outstanding at the beginning of the year(Nos.)	16.344	724.178	6.695.081	10.500.000	100.000	19.710	78.610	158.000	6.000	87,600
Regrant Addition	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A.	N.A	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Regrant Date	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A.	31-Dec-09	16-Jul-10	27-Aug-09	11-Jan-11	27-Aug-09
Options vested during the year	IN.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	31-060-09	10-341-10	27-Aug-03	11-5411-11	21-Aug-03
(Nos.)		411.715	2,032,400	_	_	6,390	19,440	39.500	1,500	21,900
Exercised during the year (Nos.)	15,192	383,124	2,132,700	-	-	4,140	20,290	79,000	1,500	43,800
Expired during the year (Nos.)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cancelled during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lapsed during the year	-	930	14,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Re-granted during the year	-	-	-	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A
Outstanding at the end of the year										
(Nos.)	1,152	340,124	4,548,381	10,500,000	100,000	15,570	58,320	79,000	4,500	43,800
Exercisable at the end of the year										
(Nos.)	1,152	134,263	497,581	-	-	2,790	-	-	-	-
Remaining contractual Life (Weighted Months)	43	63	70	88	96	72	75	71	69	71

N.A - Not Applicable

Indiabulls Financial Services Limited (IBFSL) and its erstwhile subsidiary, Indiabulls Credit Services Limited had announced the above ESOS/ESOP plans for its employees and the employees of other group companies wherein each option represents one Equity Share of IHFL. The Company had adopted the ESOS/ESOP plan in respect of its employees. A Compensation Committee constituted by the Board of Directors of IHFL administers each of the above plans.

There is no impact on the Company's net profit and earnings per share in respect of the above plans had the compensation cost for the stock options granted been determined based on the fair value approach.

27 Previous year figures have been re-grouped / re-arranged wherever considered necessary to confirm to current year's groupings and classifications.

As per our report of even date

For Sumit Mohit & Company Chartered Accountants FRN 021502N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Indiabulls Advisory Services Limited

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Sumit GargSaurabh GargLakshmipathi AcharPartnerDirectorDirectorM. No. 506945DIN: 03444152DIN: 00349586

New Delhi, April 16, 2018 New Delhi, April 16, 2018